Photo Credit:

Mark G. Lewis Senior Construction Inspector DPU Stormwater Utility

TECHNICAL STAKEHOLDER MEETING TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 2020





RVAH2O.org

Welcome!

Put your questions or comments in the Chat Box or Unmute yourself and speak up!

> If you don't have access to the Chat Box, just speak up!

Today's Agenda

- Who's here today
- What's happening now?
 - Amendment to the Special Order on Consent
 - Update on RT-DSS
 - Interim Plan
- Update on RVA Clean Water Plan Strategies
- Partner Projects
- Let's hear from you!



Today's Presenters

- Grace LeRose, DPU
- Jeff Reynolds, DEQ
- Matt Pugh, Brown and Caldwell
- Scott Firestine, Richmond Public Libraries
- Ann Jurcyzk, Chesapeake Bay Foundation
- Christopher Frelke, Parks, Recreation and Community Facilities
- Mark Van Auken, Arcadis

Welcome



Pat's back!

- Patrick Bradley, DPU's Deputy Director
- 35 years working on water quality/ watershed issues, including:
 - EPA
 - Department of the Navy
 - Private Industry, and
 - City of Richmond



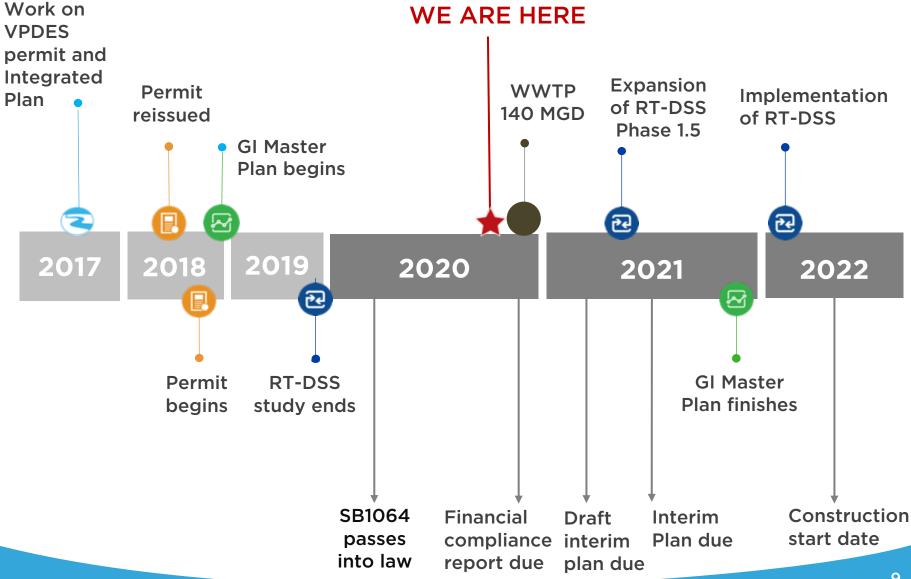
Meet Alan

- Alan Harrison, CSO Engineering Manager
- 25 years' experience in water and wastewater including:
 - Design/construction
 - O&M
 - Virginia Department of Health
- Grew up in Tidewater and Chesterfield, graduated from Manchester High
- Hokie with a B.S. in Civil Engineering



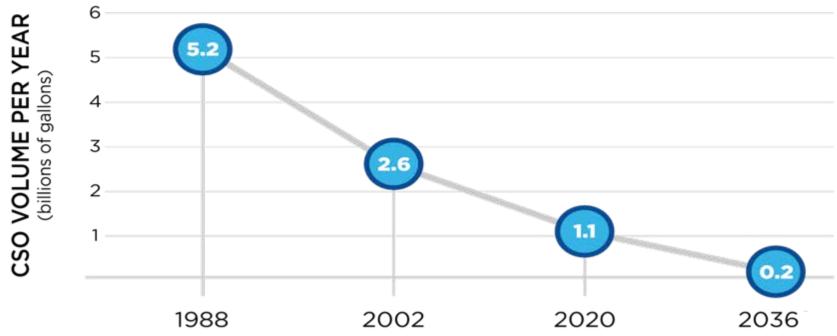
What's happening now?

RVA Clean Water Plan Timeline



Reduction in CSS overflows from 1988 to 2020





2005 Consent Special Order and Senate Bill 1064 Overview

Consent Special Order - 2005

- A Consent Special Order ("Order") was entered between the State Water Control Board ("SWCB") and the City of Richmond (the "City") in 2005 pursuant to Va. Code §§ 10.1-1185 and 62.1-44.15(8a).
 - Order incorporates 2002 Long Term Control Plan ("LTCP") in Appendix A.
 - Provides an implementation schedule and reporting requirements.
 - The City and the SWCB may amend the Order pursuant to Sections E(1)-(2).
 - "New, more cost-effective technologies or improvements in the performance of the LTCP" are grounds for an evaluation to determine if the LTCP and the Order should be amended pursuant to Section D(5).

SB 1064 Key Requirements

- SB 1064 was enacted into Virginia Law by the General Assembly and is published in the 2020 Virginia Acts of Assembly.
- SB 1064 sets new LTCP implementation dates and spurs the City "to satisfy all requirements" of the Order by July 1, 2035. See SB 1064, Sections 1(B) and 2(E).
 - The City shall submit to DEQ by July 1, 2021 an interim plan detailing actions to partially satisfy the Order that can be initiated by July 1, 2022 and completed by July 1, 2027. See SB 1064, Sections 1(A) and 2(C).
 - The City shall submit to DEQ by July 1, 2024 a final plan detailing the actions to completely satisfy the Order that can be initiated by July 1, 2025 and completed by July 1, 2035. See SB 1064, Sections 1(B) and 2(E).

SB 1064 Key Requirements - cont'd.

- SB 1064 allows the City to *substitute actions* in the Interim Plan and Final Plan in place of "proposed actions," i.e., LTCP actions, to satisfy the Order, subject to DEQ approval and provided that the substitute actions are *at least as cost-effective* as the original LTCP actions replaced. *See* SB 1064, Section 1(B).
 - LTCP actions substitution allows the City *flexibility* to comply with timelines and utilize new technologies.
- Annual Report due December 1 each year to demonstrate progress and to facilitate State appropriations.

SB 1064 - Deadlines

Requirements	Plan	Long Term Plan	TMDL Projects
Objective	Identify "short-term, easy win" projects to improve the CSS	Identify large infrastructure projects to bring the City's CSS in compliance with water quality standards	Identify projects to meet the requirements of the "James River – Richmond Tributaries Bacteria TMDL"
Plan Due Date	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2024	July 1, 2030 ¹
Construction Activities Start Date	July 1, 2022 ¹ July 1, 2025 ¹ Not Specified		Not Specified
Construction Activities End Date	s End July 1, 2027 ¹ July 1, 20		Not Specified

1. Deadlines may be extended

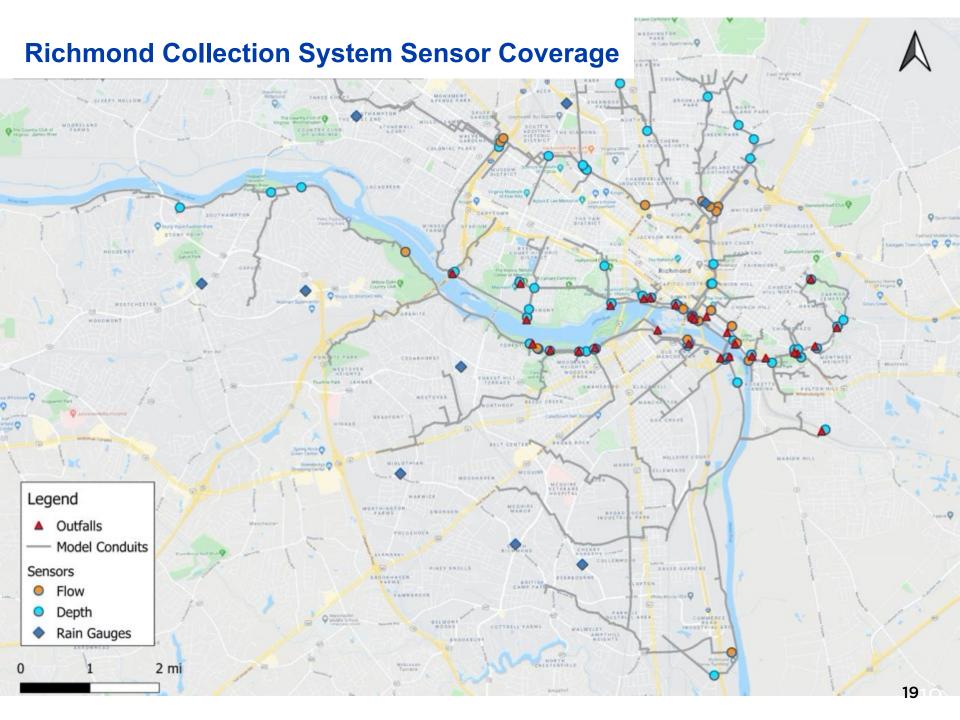
Order Amendment to Conform with SB 1064

- An Amendment to the Order was initiated by the SWCB and the City to align the requirements of the SB1064 to the Board's 2005 Order, and to provide specific enforceable requirements under the Board's authority.
- The Amendment aligns and parallels each requirement of SB 1064 and, where appropriate, provides further context and definition for enforceability and applicability.
 - For purposes of substituting projects, the term "cost-effective" used in SB 1064 is defined in the Amendment to mean "CSO system performance measures including, without limitation, flow volume reduction and water quality improvement per dollar."
 - For purposes of substituting projects, DEQ approval is "contingent upon a demonstration by City of Richmond that a proposed action achieves the same or improved CSO system performance measures as, at or below the cost of, an action substituted in the 2005 Order."
- Amendment signed by City on October 19, 2020 and available for public comment beginning November 9, 2020 for 14 days.

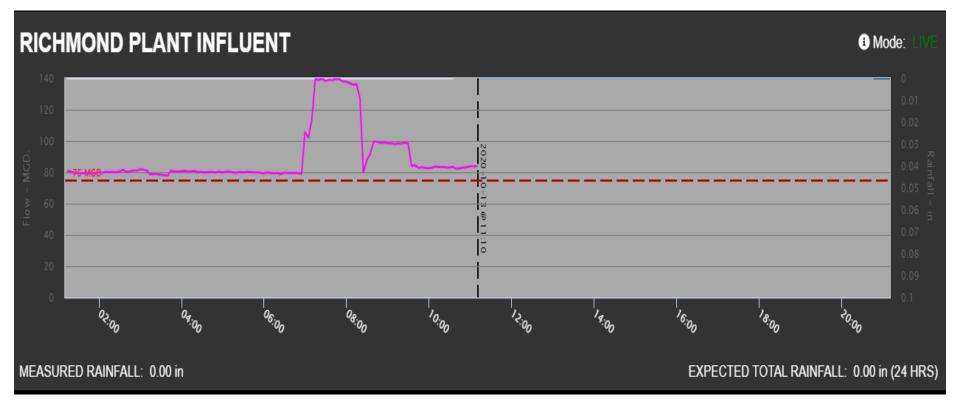
Real Time-Decision Support System (RT-DSS)

Richmond Real Time Decision Support System Project Objectives

- Reduce system-wide combined sewer overflows.
- Optimize operations at the WWTP and Shockoe storage basin during storm events.
- Optimize utilization of system capacity while mitigating hydraulic restrictions during periods of wet weather.
- Quantify potential overflow reductions that could be accomplished through active flow management and coordination.



October 11, 2020 Rain Event



Introducing Matt Pugh

- Brown and Caldwell, Deputy PM
- 10 years experience working on: •
 - Richmond's CSO Project
 - AlexRenew's CSO Program **RiverRenew**
 - Recent Richmond WWTP • upgrades
- Hokie with a B.S. and M.S. in Civil and Environmental Engineering
- Currently holds four VA State Strongman records!



Interim Plan

Interim Plan - Development Steps

Project Identification

Complete: September 2020

Identify Projects to evaluate

Project Evaluation

Complete: December 2020

- 1. CSO Activation/Volume/Bacteria Reduction Benefit (Model)
- 2. Cost Estimates
- 3. Non-Monetary Factors

Project Ranking

Complete: January 2021

Project Selection

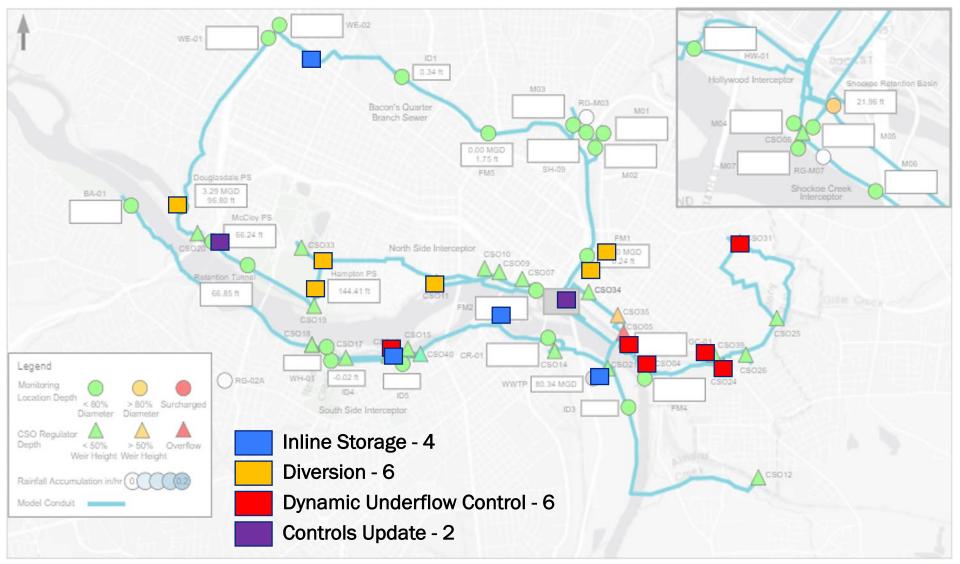
Complete: March 2021

Interim Plan Report

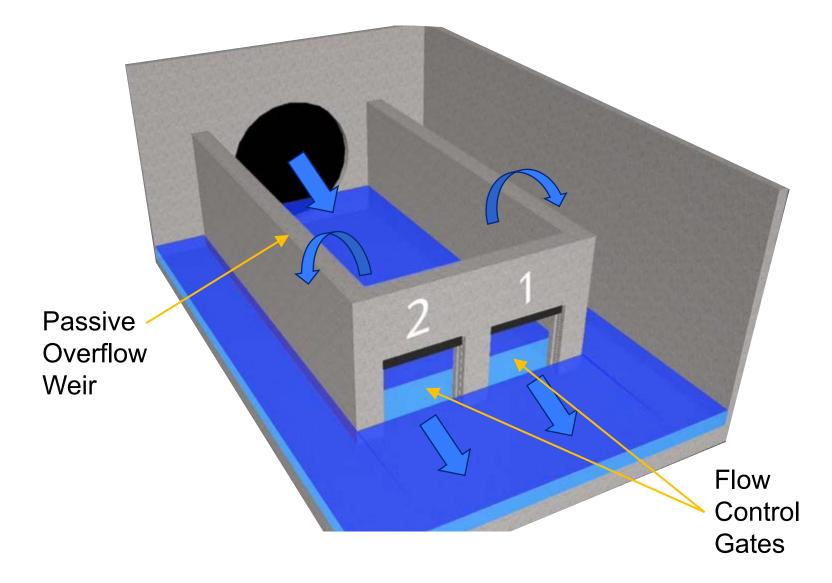
Complete: July 1, 2021

Project Identification

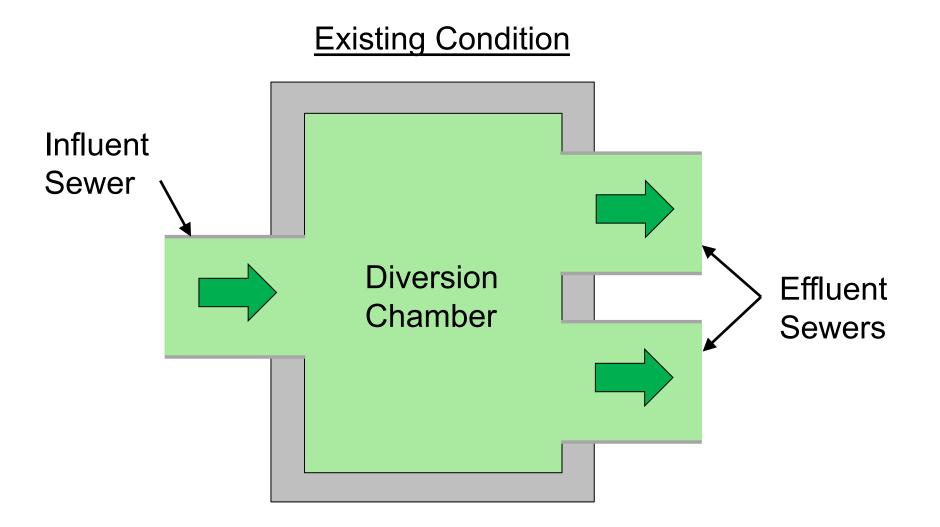
Interim Plan Projects



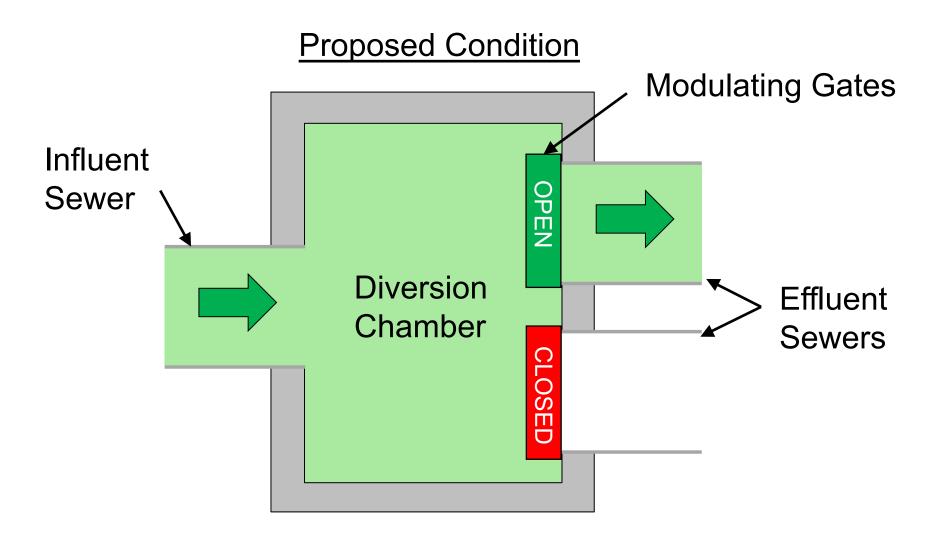
RT-DSS Projects – Inline Storage



RT-DSS Projects - Diversion

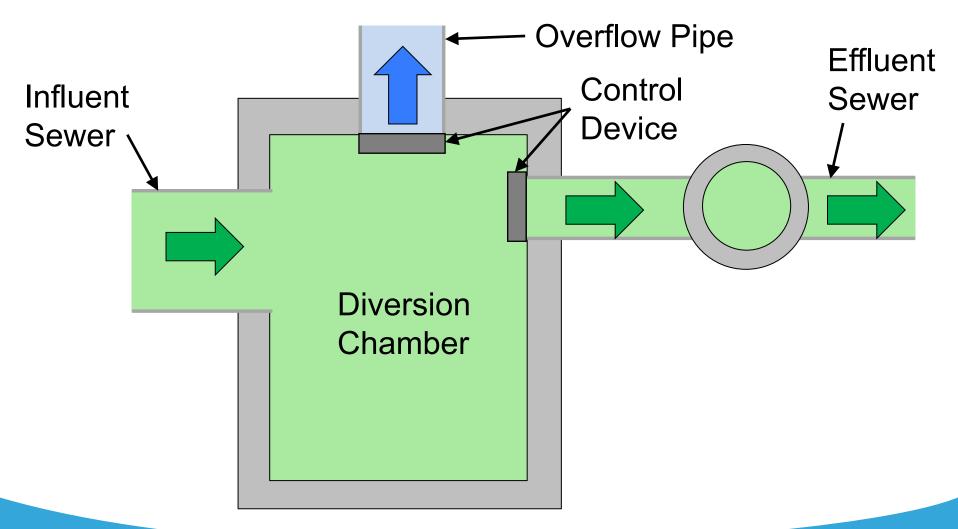


RT-DSS Projects - Diversion



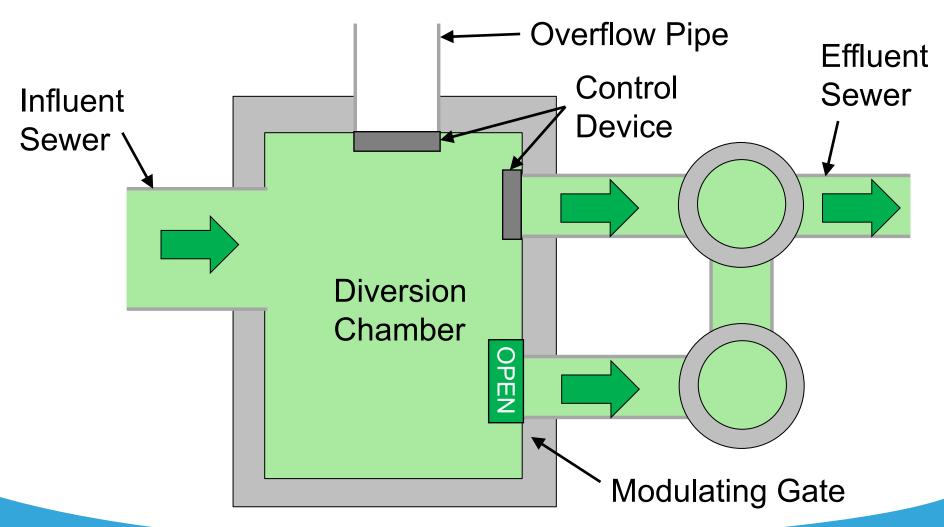
RT-DSS Projects – Dynamic Underflow Control

Existing Condition



RT-DSS Projects – Dynamic Underflow Control





2019 Annual Reported (Modeled) Overflows

Outfall		Activations	Overflow Volume (MG)		
			MG	% Total	
6	Shockoe	29	1,444.7	77.9%	
21	Gordon Avenue	43	169.0	9.1%	
14	Stockton St	38	74.7	4.0%	
40	CSO 1 Outlet	34	66.5	3.6%	
11	Park Hydro	26	31.9	1.7%	
4	Bloody Run	20	13.6	0.7%	
39	Government Rd	37	11.4	0.6%	
12	Hilton St	37	9.3	0.5%	
24	Varina St	12	7.3	0.4%	
5	Peach St	16	7.3	0.4%	
31	Oakwood Cem.	13	6.7	0.4%	
10	Gambles Hill	3	4.2	0.2%	
25	Briel St	0	2.4	0.1%	
7	Byrd St	6	2.1	0.1%	
35	25th and Dock St	15	1.2	0.1%	
34	19th and Dock St	6	1.2	0.1%	
9	7th St	4	0.8	0.0%	
19	Hampton St	2	0.5	0.0%	
20	McCloy St	1	0.1	0.0%	
33	Shields Lake	2	0.1	0.0%	
15	Canoe Run	0	0.0	0.0%	
16	Woodland Hts	0	0.0	0.0%	
17	Reedy Creek	1	0.0	0.0%	
18	42nd St	0	0.0	0.0%	
26	Government Rd	0	0.0	0.0%	

RT-DSS Projects in Service Area

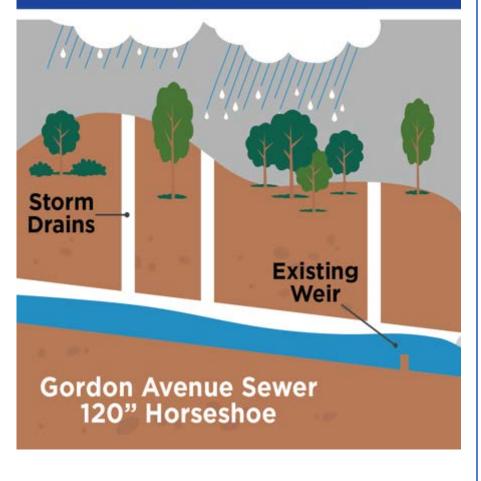
RT-DSS Projects at these Sites

CSO 21 – In-Line Storage Project

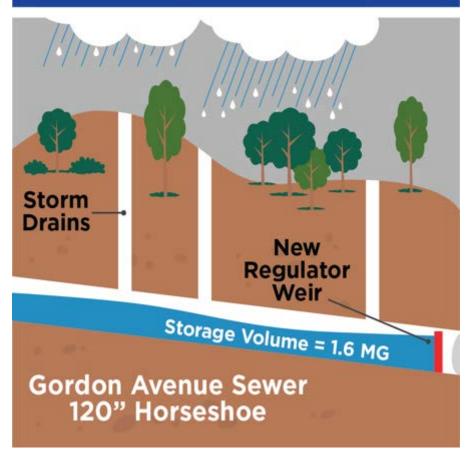
Scenario	Activations	Overflow Volume (MG)
2019 Reported Values	43	169
WWTP @ 140 MGD	24	71
WWTP @ 140 MGD / with In-Line Storage	9	48



CSO 21 Existing Infrastructure



CSO 21 Inline Storage Project Benefits



Current Storage = 0.05 MG

Potential Future Storage = 1.6 MG

Next Steps

Interim Plan - Next Steps

Project Identification

Complete: September 2020 Identify Projects to evaluate

Project Evaluation

Complete: December 2020

- 1. CSO Activation/Volume/Bacteria Reduction Benefit (Model)
- 2. Cost Estimates
- 3. Non-Monetary Factors

Project Ranking

Complete: January 2021

Project Selection

Complete: March 2021

Interim Plan Report

Complete: July 1, 2021

Update on Strategies

Strategy Accomplishments (2017- 2020 YTD)

CSS Infrastructure



WWTP Nutrient Removal CSO Separation WWTP Flow Upgrade GI in MS4



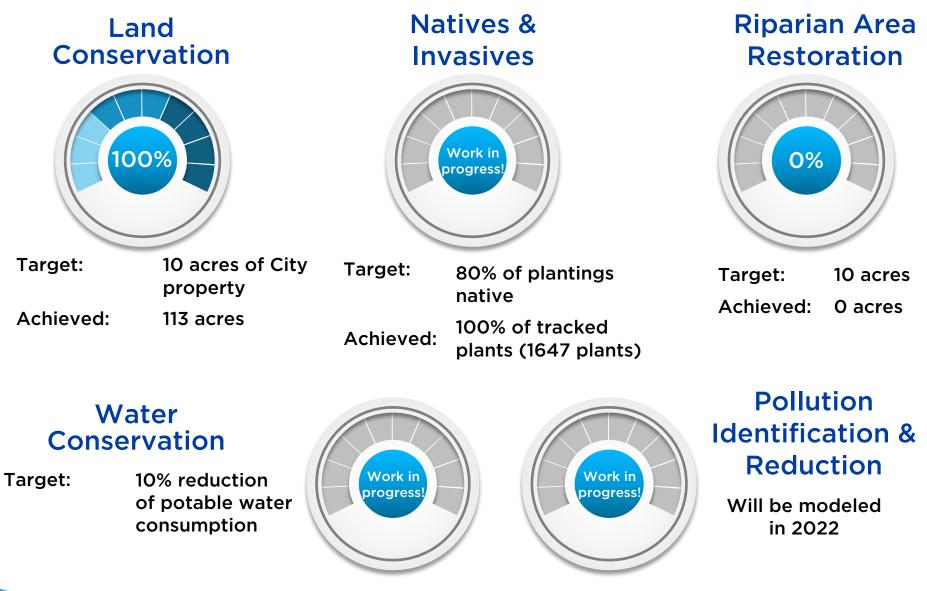
Target:104 acresAchieved:13 acres

GI in CSS



Target:18 acresAchieved:7.6 acres

Strategy Accomplishments (2017-2020 YTD)



Partners Helping to Address Strategies

Greening of RVA Libraries

North Avenue Branch West End Branch Broad Rock Branch

Scott Firestine Director

Richmond Public Libraries

Greening of RVA Libraries

Westover Hills Branch



Greening Richmond Public Libraries

IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

Welcome to Westover Hills **Branch Library!**

What is a rain garden?

Rain gardens are shaped like bowls to capture stormwater after it rains or snows. After stormwater enters the gardens,

It is filtered by layers of soil and absorbed by native plants. The rain gardens here at Westover Hills Branch Library act like sponges and contribute to a healthy environment by reducing the amount of stormwater pollution entering Reedy Creek and the James River.

What are native plants?

This rain garden contains native trees, shrubs, and grasses that are naturally found in Richmond. These native plants are adapted to thrive in our area and provide food and habitat for wildlife, such as insects and birds. You can become a River Hero Home by using native plants at home! Learn more at: JamesRiverHero.org

ITTEA VIRGINICAI



(CERCIS CANADENSIS)



aud a library, you have everything you need." SWITCHGRASS. -CICERO STANICUM VIRGATURE

"If you have a garden

TAIN GARDER

What is green infrastructure?

Green infrastructure practices include rain gardens, green roofs, and street trees that enhance our built environment for the benefit of humans and the ecosystem of which we are a part. Green infrastructure contributes to healthier communities by absorbing stormwater before it enters our rivers and streams. improving air quality, and reducing the urban heat island effect. It also provides habitat for wildlife living among us.

WESTOVER HILLS BRANCH LIBRARY

What is Stormwater Pollution?

- Stormwater is a threat to the health of
- the James River and its tributaries.
- When rain and snow fail on
- impervious surfaces, such as
- roads or sidewalks, it picks up
- pollutants such as dirt, lawn
- fertilizers, bacteria from pet
- waste, or toxics like oil
- from cars, and becomes
- stormwater pollution.

JAMES RIVER

Join Ripple's Reading Buddles, Inside the library!

The vegetation in front of you was planted as part of a greening initiative undertaken by Richmond Public Libraries with support from these organizations:





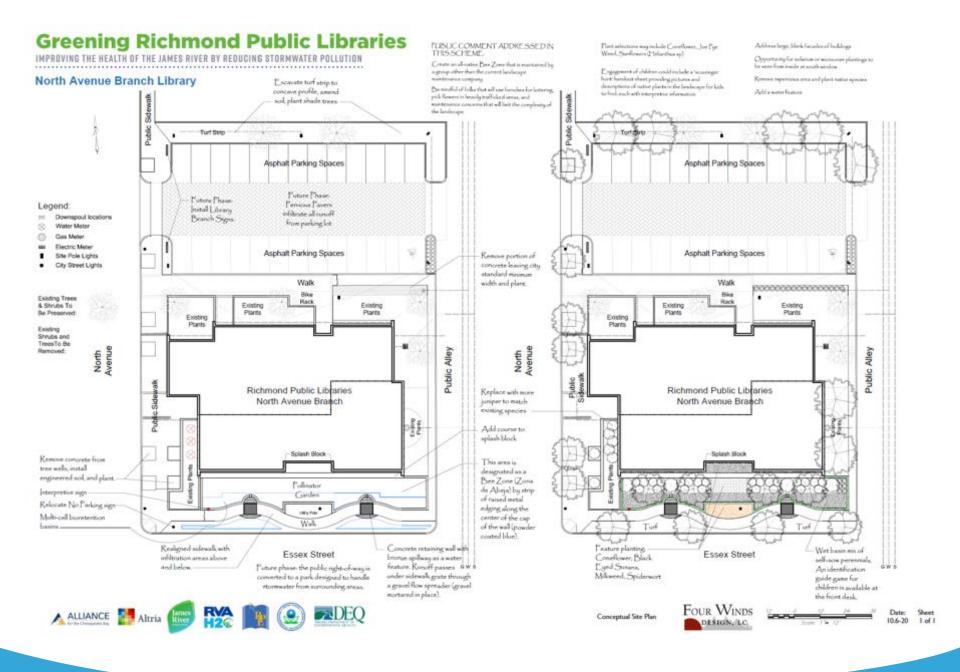




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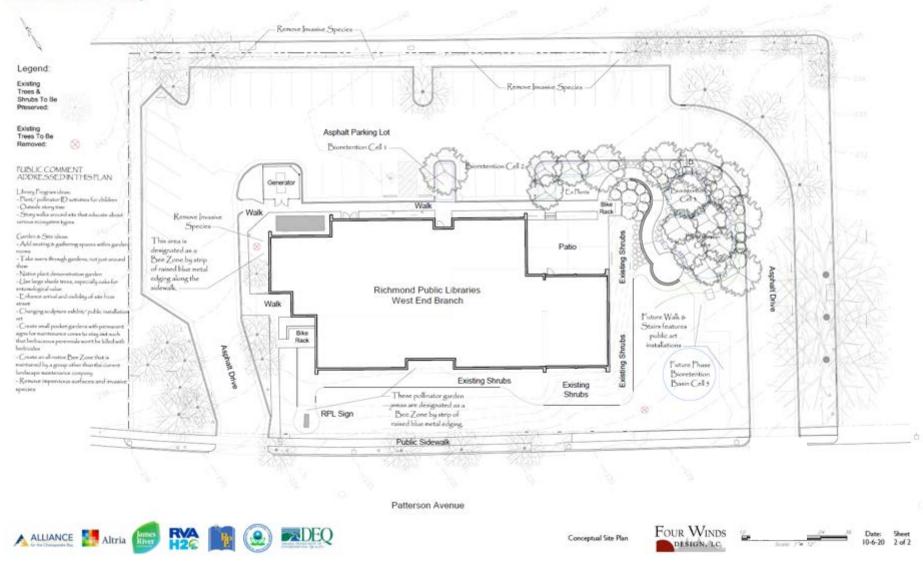




Greening Richmond Public Libraries

IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

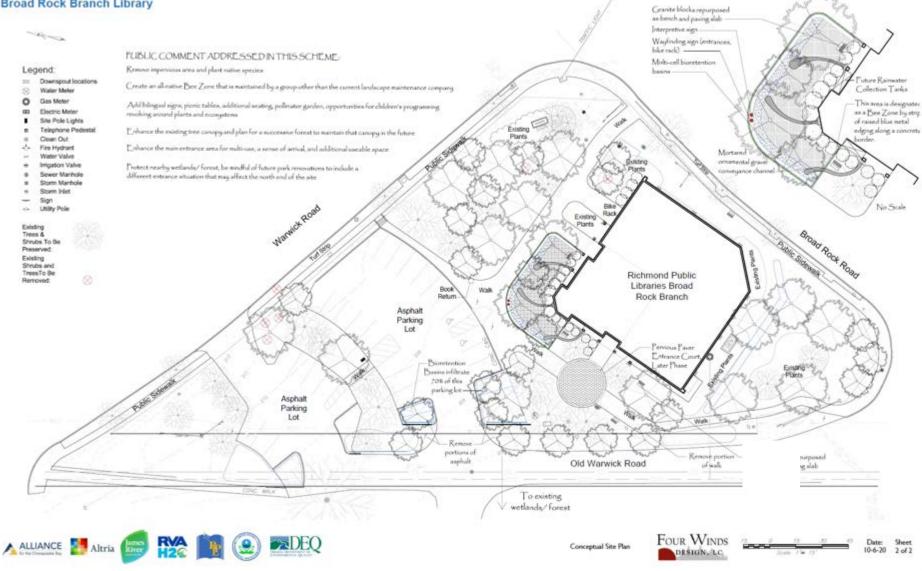
West End Branch Library



Greening Richmond Public Libraries

IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

Broad Rock Branch Library



Greening Southside Richmond

Southside Richmond

Ann Jurczyk Virginia Director of Advocacy and Outreach

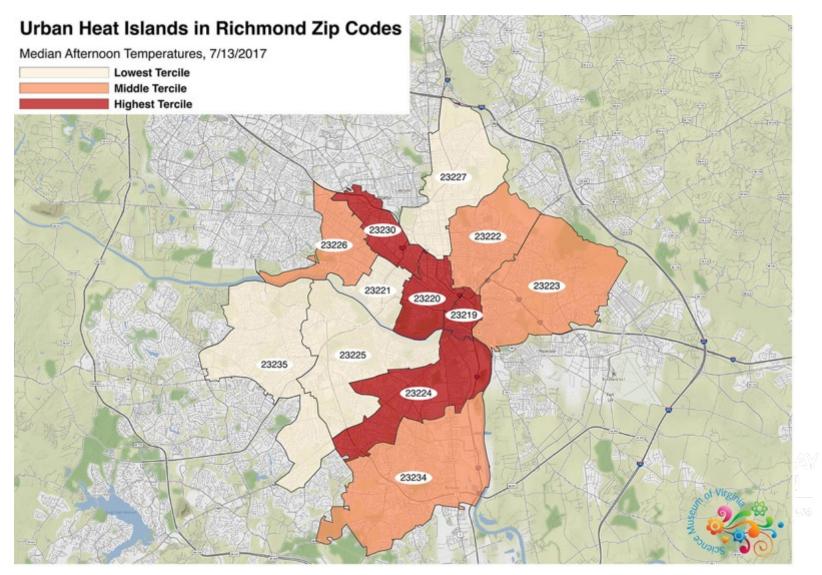
Chesapeake Bay Foundation



CHESAPEAKE BAY FOUNDATION

Saving a National Treasure

Greening Southside Richmond: Why Here?

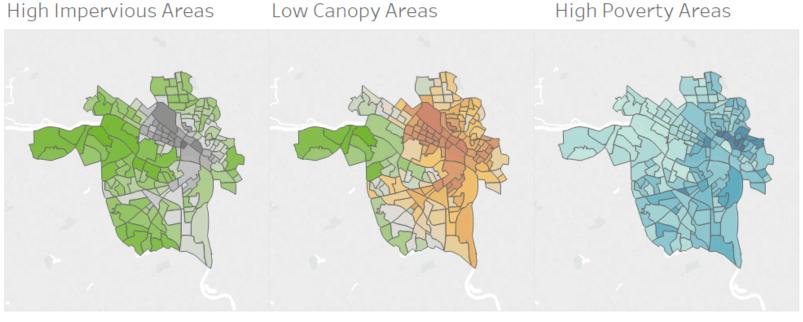


Greening Southside Richmond: Why Here?



Sensitivity

Adaptive Capacity





Hoffman et al. 2018

Powered by Mataimprint

Greening Southside Richmond: Collaborative Effort



Greening Southside Richmond: Replacing Pavement with Green Space at Branch's Baptist Church

51



Greening Southside Richmond: Tree Plantings & Tree Giveaways, Workforce Development, Workshops

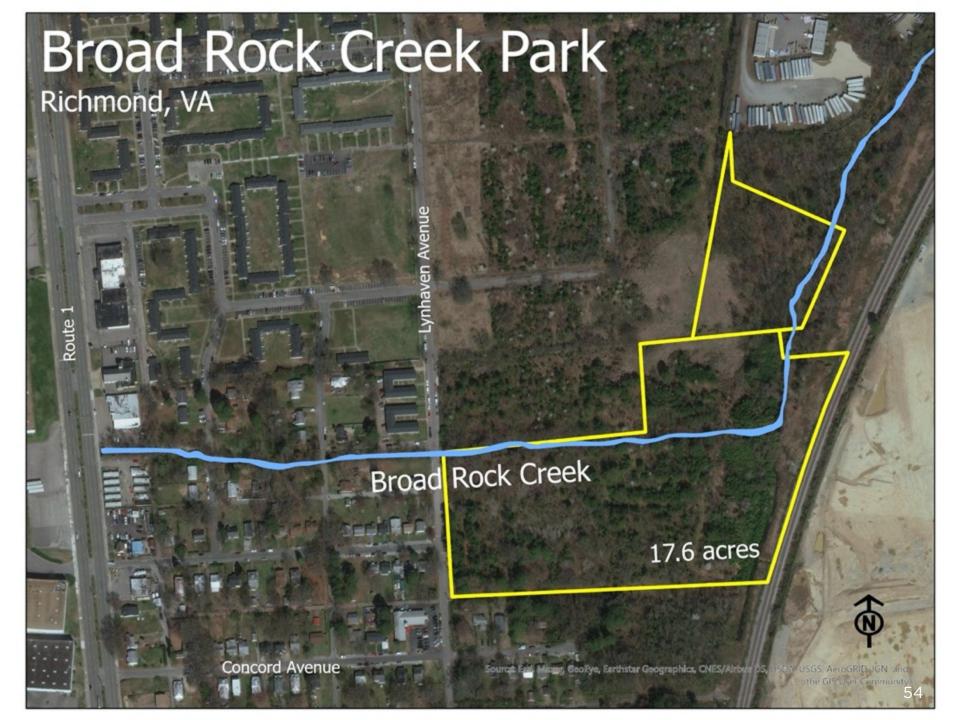
Greening Southside Richmond: Future Outlook

Photo: Richmond Public Works

Mayor's Green Team – Park Expansion

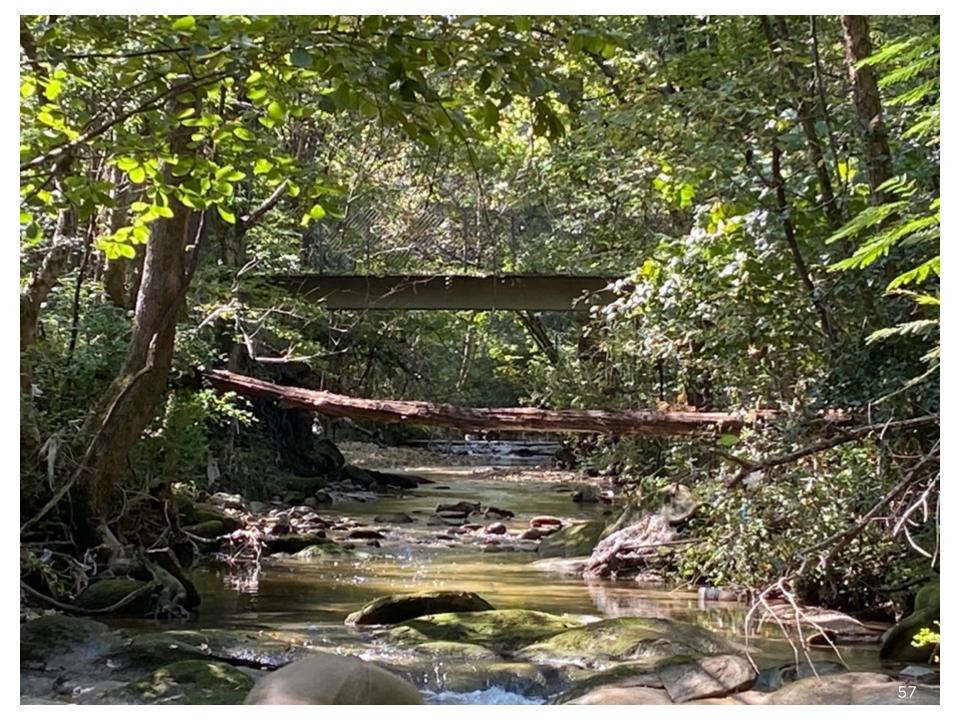
Christopher Frelke Director

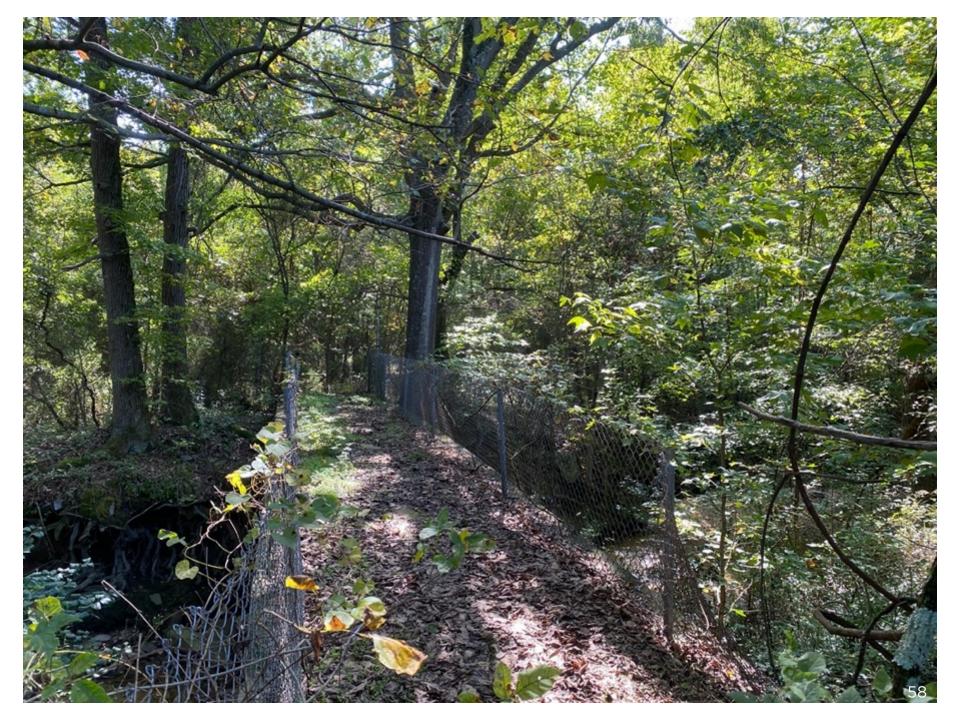
Department of Parks, Recreation and Community Facilities













Green Infrastructure Master Plan

Mark Van Auken Stormwater Practice Leader

Arcadis

GI Master Plan Project Team







ARCADIS



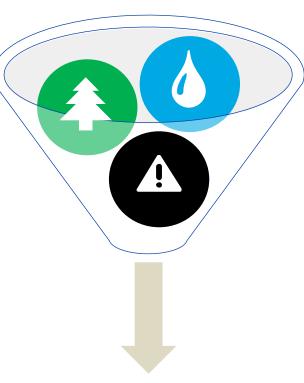
INSTITUTE for ENGAGEMENT & NEGOTIATION Shaping Our World Together

GI Master Plan Goals

Increase Green Space

A

- Impervious to pervious
- Plant trees and native plants
- Bioretention & other practices



Reduce Runoff Volume

- Reduce stormwater volume
- Reduce CSOs
- Increase infiltration



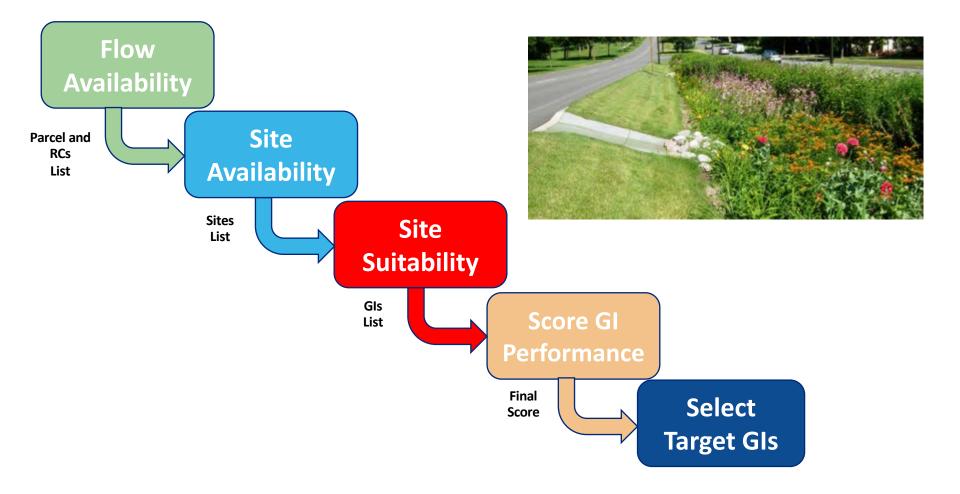
Reduce Pollution

- Nitrogen
- Phosphorus
- Sediment
- Bacteria

Green Infrastructure Master Plan

CLEANER WATER FASTER

Green Infrastructure Ranking Procedure Workflow



Phase 1 – Flow Availability



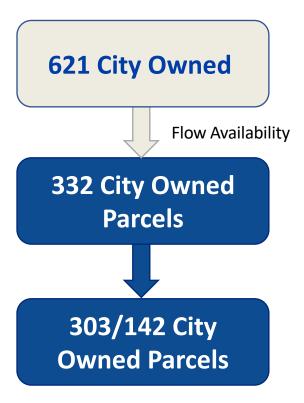
Phase 2 – Site Availability

Permeable Pavement



Phase 2 – Site Availability

Bioretention





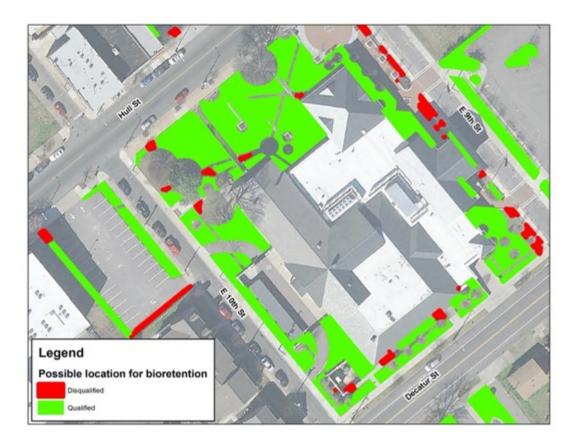
Phase 3 – Site Suitability Criteria



Phase 3 – Site Suitability Criteria



Phase 4 – Score GI Performance



Criteria	Score
Amount of Flow Reduction	7.5/10
Impervious Area Reduction	10/10
Low Maintenance	10/10
Socioeconomic Benefits – 10-minute walk to green space	0/10
Socioeconomic Benefits connection to greenway /bikeways	0/10
Socioeconomic Benefits – increase resiliency of infrastructure	10/10
Minimize Existing Flooding	10/10
Improve Urban Tree Canopy	5/10
Improve Water Quality	10/10
TOTAL	62.5/90

Let's hear from you

Questions? Updates?

Put your questions in the Chat Box or Unmute yourself and speak up!

If you don't have access to the Chat Box, just speak up!

Water Quality Update for Richmond Citizens

We're proposing to host a virtual conversation for all City residents in February 2021

- Communicate the history of Richmond's water quality and what's been done to date
- Talk about what's ahead: Updates to Consent Order

Would you be willing to help us?

- Help get the word out
- Present your partner story
- Answer questions in the Q&A

Resources

A PDF of this presentation will be distributed

Visit RVAH2O.org

NEXT MEETING

MARCH 2021

Grace.LeRose@richmondgov.com